



Rate peg review update

Country Mayors Assoc - 26 May 2023

Carmel Donnelly PSM, IPART Chair



Review timeline

Terms of
ReferenceIssues PapeWorkshops30 Aug 202229 Sep 2022Nov / Dec 2022

Technical workshops and ratepayer focus groups April 2023 Draft Report Early June 2023 Public Hearing June 2023

Final Report August 2023



Consultation so far

(Plus: over 1800 submissions on 17 concurrent SV applications) Page | 3

Council feedback

- Many advocated for abolishing the rate peg
- Current rate peg/SV model not supporting council financial sustainability
- Build on & align with IP&R
- Labour cost changes should be based on the NSW LG (State) Award
- Rate peg does not accurately reflect changes in asset costs
- Include costs driven by external changes, outside of councils' control
- Diversity of councils and their ratepayer communities
- Remove productivity factor or keep at zero & adjust population factor
- ESL and red fleet issues

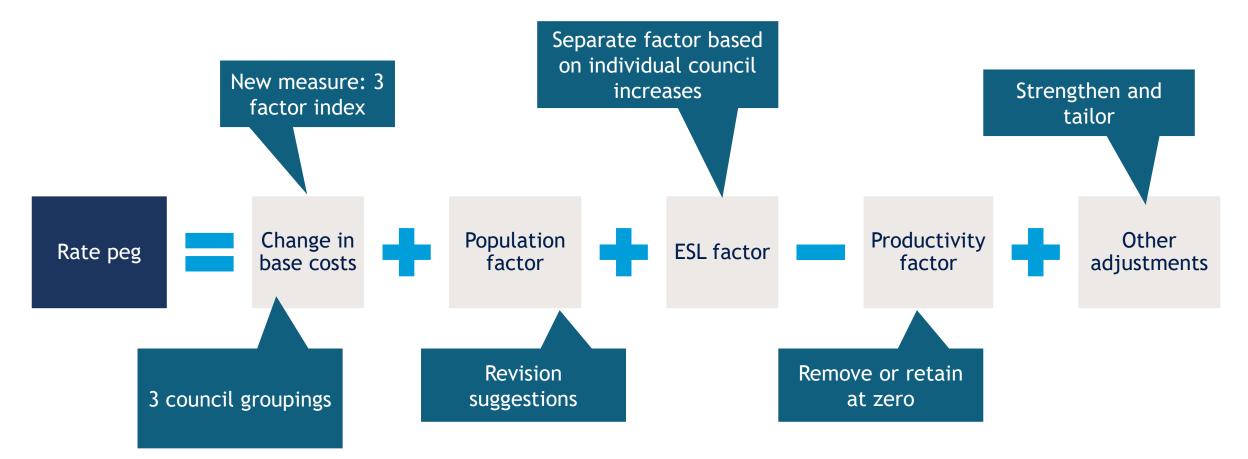
Ratepayer submissions

- Affordability & cost of living
- Councils' financial management and efficiency
- Council spending should reflect community preferences/priorities
- Rate peg has not helped ratepayers enough (large special variation increases, individual rate increases, cross-subsidies via exemptions)
- Support for keeping the rate peg
- Why is the rate peg not based on CPI?
- Population factor prison populations

Early findings: residential ratepayer survey

- ORIMA Research surveyed 2,881 residential ratepayers and renters across NSW.
- Affordability of rates is the most important consideration.
- Respondents generally have positive views about the services provided by their council.
- Two thirds preferred for councils' rates to change by different amounts to suit their needs.
- Ratepayers and community should have a high level of influence in deciding council rate increases.

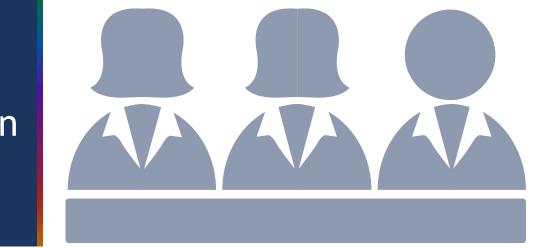
OLG, LGNSW & council technical workshops



Key options as we prepare draft report

- More timely, accurate cost measurement Labour, assets, other costs
- Council groupings
- Separate ESL factor based on actual y-o-y increase per council
- Minor adjustment to the population factor
- Productivity factor remaining at zero
- Costs driven by external changes, outside of councils' control, to be captured by strengthened tailored adjustment factor
- Regular review of method plus implementation reference group
- Wider issues raised by stakeholders more work needed





Discussion

Review of the rate peg methodology | IPART (nsw.gov.au)